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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/626,529	07/25/2003	David B. Johnson	<del>-</del>	1112
7590 09/22/2004			EXAMINER	
David B. Johnson			LOWE, MICHAEL S	
576 N. St. Asaph St.			ADTIBUT	DARED MINDED
Alexandria, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3652	
			DATE MAILED: 09/22/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/626,529	JOHNSON ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	M. Scott Lowe	3652
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a real of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions for the provided period for reply will, by state any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thir od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on  2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ To allow closed in accordance with the practice under the practice under the practice.	his action is non-final.  wance except for formal matt	•
Disposition of Claims		
4)  Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.	
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner	
10) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examination 15 objected to by the Examination 15 objected to by the Examination 16 objected to by the Examination 17 objected to by the 10 objected to	a) accepted or b) dobject he drawing(s) be held in abeyar rection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the p application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a l	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/25/03.</li> </ol>	Paper No(	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 

Art Unit: 3652

## Drawings

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a) because they fail to show a fully assembled device with non-block components as described in the specification. Any structural detail that is essential for a proper understanding of the disclosed invention should be shown in the drawing. MPEP § 608.02(d). Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

The drawings are also objected to for the reasons listed on the attached Draftsperson Review Form.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5, 10,11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lake (US 4,726,263) in view of McCalla (US 6,419,371).

Re claim 1, Lake teaches an extender-arm 9 comprising:

a handle section 10, said handle section comprising an actuator 13,18, a proximal end,
and a distal end and an open-and-close section (12 or 15),connected to said distal end
of said handle section so as to be operable by said actuator.

Lake does not teach a tool-receiving socket including a connection structure for connection with a tool inserted in said socket. McCalla teaches a device with tools on both ends, the handle side having a socket connection to a tool in order to make the device more useful. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Lake by the general teaching of McCalla to have tools on both ends, the handle side having a socket connection to a tool in order to make the device more useful.

Re claim 2, Lake teaches an extension section 10b disposed between said open-and-close section and said distal end of said handle to thereby connect said open-and-close section to said handle section.

Re claim 3, Lake teaches a gripping section 12, 21.

Art Unit: 3652

Re claim 4, Lake teaches said connection structure comprises one that is both electrically and mechanically connective.

Re claim 5, Lake as already modified teaches a rechargeable power supply (McCalla column 5, lines 48-58, rechargeable power supplies connected to the connection structure are known).

Re claim 10, Lake teaches (column 3, lines 10-11) the device attaching to a mounting post (not numbered). Lake does not state the shape of the post but since the device 19 will mount to any shape cross-section it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Lake to have the mount be the same cross-sectional shape as the socket in order to use a known shape.

Re claim 11, Lake as already modified teaches a removable flashlight tool having a cross sectional shape complementary to that of said socket for removably mounting said flashlight tool to said extender arm.

Claims 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lake (US 4,726,263) in view of McCalla (US 6,419,371) and further in view of McConnell (US 6,390,427).

Re claim 6, Lake does not teach an ancillary device. McConnell teaches an ancillary device 10, 18 that may be disposed on any elongated structure in order to increase safety (column 1, line 15). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Lake by McConnell to have

Art Unit: 3652

an ancillary device that may be disposed on any elongated structure in order to increase safety.

Re claims 7,8, Lake as already modified teaches a cellular phone holding clip and coin holding structure (McConnell, column 3, lines 58-60).

Claim 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lake (US 4,726,263) in view of McCalla (US 6,419,371) and further in view of Kalidindi (US 5,823,592).

Re claim 9, Lake does not teach a said extension section being flexible so as to allow said gripping section to be disposed at an angle relative to said handle section. Kalidindi teaches a flexible extension section 18 in order to make it easier to reach places. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Lake by the general teaching of Kalidindi to have a flexible extension section in order to make it easier to reach places.

Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lake (US 4,726,263) in view of McCalla (US 6,419,371) and further in view of Miller (US 5,685,586).

Re claim 12, Lake teaches removable tools but does not teach an ice scraper.

Miller teaches devices that like that of Lake is intended to be used in an automobile.

Miller teaches having an ice scrape on the opposite end of the device from the grab in order to increase usefulness in cold climates (column 2, lines 34-35).

Art Unit: 3652

Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lake (US 4,726,263) in view of McCalla (US 6,419,371) and further in view of Burns (US 5,116,093).

Re claim 13, Lake does not teach a resealable pouch for holding tools mountable within said socket. Burns teaches a resealable pouch 11 for carrying all the components of an extender arm in order to make it easier to transport. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Lake by the general teaching of Burns to have a resealable pouch for carrying all the components of an extender arm in order to make it easier to transport.

## Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Scott Lowe whose telephone number is 703-305-1940. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30am-4:30pm M,Tu,Th,F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eileen Lillis can be reached on 703-308-3248. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 3652

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

msl

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Page 7